Simplified Minutes of the Local Project Appraisal Committee Meeting For GOS/UNDP/GEF PROJECT

Seychelles' Protected Areas Finance Project

Date of the LPAC	Start time	End time	Held at
11th August 2015	09.12 hrs	10.40 hrs	MEECC Offices, Botanical Gardens

Name of LPAC Chairperson:	Mr Alain Decomarmond
Functional Title:	Principal Secretary for Environment
Institution:	Ministry of Environment, Energy and Climate Change
Signature:	

me of LPAC Co-Chair:	Mr Roland Alcindor
nctional Title:	Programme Manager
stitution:	UNDP Seychelles
gnature:	
1	

	C participants received the PRODOC for appraisal prior to d in a timely manner?	V
Remarks:	Cleared version received by UNDP on 20 th July. Sent to all July, allowing 2 weeks for participants to review the docur Written comments were received from GIF, who were not SNPA was represented at the LPAC by PS Decomarmond latter was the CEO of SNPA up until 15 th July 2015 and we member involved with the development of the project).	ment prior to the LPAC. able to attend LPAC. and Mr Denis Matatiken (the

Country:	Seychelles		
Project Title (full):	Seychelles' Protected Areas Finance Project		
Date of submission to the GEF	16 th July 2015	Date of approval by the GEF:	
Remarks on approval process, if applicable	At the opening of the meeting, an explanation was given as to what the LPAC entails and that it is a part of the GEF process to now have a final review and appraisal of the project. Many of the members present were familiar with the process and have participated in such meetings before, so it was not necessary to go into details about what the LPAC is all about.		have s such
Name and contact of Environment Focal Point at the UNDP Office:	Mr Roland Alcindor Email: roland.alcindor@undp.org		

UNDAF Outcome(s):	N/A
UNDP Strategic Plan Environment and Sustainable Development <u>Primary</u> Outcome:	Legal and regulatory frameworks, policies and institutions enabled to ensure the conservation, sustainable use, and access and benefit sharing of natural resources, biodiversity and ecosystems, in line with international conventions and national legislation.



UNDP Strategic Plan Secondary Outcome:	[From UNDP's Biodiversity and Ecosystems Global Framework 2012-2020:] Signature Programme #2: Unlocking the potential of protected areas (PAs), including indigenous and community conserved areas, to conserve biodiversity while contributing to sustainable development
Expected CP Outcome(s):	By 2016, the governance systems, use of technologies and practices and financing mechanisms that promote environmental, energy and climate-change adaptation have been mainstreamed into national development plans. Relevant indicator: Area of terrestrial and marine ecosystems under improved management or heightened conservation status increased by 50 per cent by end of 2016
Expected CPAP Output (s):	Seychelles does not have a CPAP

Programme Period:	2016-2020
Atlas Award ID:	00088837
Project ID:	00095320
PIMS#	4656
Project Start date:	Upon signature
Project expected End Date:	+ 5 years
Proposed Management Arrangements	NIM

Total resources required (total project funds)	US\$ 17,876,554
Total allocated resources (UNDP managed funds)	US\$ 2,776,000
Regular (UNDP TRAC)	US\$ 0
GEF	US\$ 2,776,000
Other (partner managed resources)	
o Government	US\$ 11,600,000
o NGOs	US\$ 3,499,654
o UNDP	US\$ 0

Executing Entity/Implementing Partner	UNDP
Implementing Entity/Responsible	Ministry of Environment, Energy and Climate Change;
Partners:	Programme Coordination Unit /

1) Decisions of the LPAC	General endorsement of the Project's strategy:
LFAC	Goal, objectives, components and activities (sections 2.1 and 2.2) √ LPAC is in agreement with goals and objectives, section 2.1
[tick the applicable boxes, if these have	LPAC is in agreement with components and activities, section 2.1
been endorsed by the	Logframe indicators (see Strategic Results Framework, section 5) \
LPAC]	LPAC considers the logframe as very complicated, and there may be issues
	in tracking all the indicators.
	Concerning the use of METT scores as indicators: previously there has been a problem with consistency, which can be addressed by making sure that the same people are involved in their completion. A question was raised as to whether there is a budget to allow contracting of a facilitator – in answer it was noted that this would come from the project M&E budget. Generally it was felt that organizations and stakeholders could lead the preparation of their own METTs if appropriate, but could request an external facilitator if needed.
	The issue of objectivity of METTs was raised The LPAC considered whether there should be a management effectiveness assessment gauging everyone at the same level. The consensus was that the METT process was actually more important than comparing scores. The above being noted, the LPAC is in agreement with the logframe.
	Management Arrangements (see section 3) √ It was noted that the NPM will be recruited according to GOS recruitment processes (which are essentially the same as UNDP). This needs to be amended in the Prodoc.



LPAC is in agreement (the management arrangements being essentially the same as used for other projects within the GOS-UNDP-GEF portfolio) Specific endorsement of the project's budget (see section 6) \ It was noted that there is an inconsistency in budget allocation/notes for the MTE and TE, but the amounts allocated in the budget table are agreed. LPAC also noted that there are multiple budget lines which looks complicated but was due to need to explain in budget notes - this could be simplified in the actual financial reporting. LPAC was in agreement with the allocated budget and division thereof. Specific endorsement of the proposed project staff complement (see section 3.1) and the project's organizational structure (page 68) $\sqrt{}$ LPAC is in agreement Endorsement of the TOR for key project staff (Annex 2) √ NPM TORs: In selecting the NPM, the project needs someone with experience in dealing with NGOs - a degree in economics is less important, as technical issues can be addressed by strategic consultancies. But the PM also needs sufficient seniority/presence to be able to handle international inputs, etc. There is a need to adjust the NPM TORs to reflect this prior to advertising. Abridged TORs for strategic consultancies: LPAC agreed in principle, but noted that the TORs for consultant inputs should be regarded as indicative only, subject to revision if the need arises. Also the list may not be exclusive - other inputs may be identified. LPAC stressed the need to get best global expertise as far as possible - it is critical with component 1 to get the best possible inputs. But some understanding of Seychelles is also needed - possibly this can be obtained through embedding with counterparts. Endorsement of the proposed strategy for stakeholder engagement (not specifically included - see social sustainability, p.54) √ There is no specific strategy to endorse. Stewardship arrangements discussed here may not be specifically budgeted. There should be funds for communication and outreach to support stakeholder engagement - this needs to be budgeted wherever relevant within activities/components (e.g. robust stakeholder engagement plans are referred to and it needs to be checked that these are actually done). Sometimes with PAs it is not clear who stakeholders are - e.g. in Strict Nature Reserves there are not very many stakeholders at all, and the question is who should be engaged, if at all. Remarks on the above In regard to definition of stakeholders, there may be a need for a stakeholder study; who is really a stakeholder for PAs, how should stakeholders be defined. what should their roles be, etc. This should be considered at Inception. In regard to Denis Island it was noted that this is not a PA and members wondered if and when it might become so. It was clarified that a draft nomination file is ready to be submitted to Government later, but that Government needed to be sure that there had been sufficient internal discussion and stakeholder consultation. It was expected that this could be submitted by September-October 2015 and that the PA Act would be approved by then; meanwhile the island has permission to work towards the implementation of its PA management plan. A decision has already been made by Government, under the PA Policy, that private islands can become PAs if they fulfil the categories for the proposed designation.

However, drafting of regulations (under the PA Act) is needed so the timeline
may not be realistic. The question was raised as to who would prepare these -
preferably as soon as the PA Act was approved. It was proposed by PCU that
assistance could be provided under the Outer island project.

2) Engageme	ent of Implementing Entity/	Responsible Partner	S	
Will the project engage entities other than the national Executing Entity/Implementing Partner?				1
				(Annex 8 of PRODOC)
If YES,	MCSS		Temporal Protected Areas on Inner Islands	
which and for what purpose?	☐ Government department		(Activity 1.3.4)	
	SNPA		Priorities for new cost-effective	
	√ Government department ☐ Academia / centre of excellence	□ NGO □ Other	infrastructures, practices, systems and schemes - Proposal for refining and further consideration by SNPA (Output 2.2 SNPA, Activities 1 through 9	
	SNPA		(with ICS) Improving financing strategies to	
	√ Government department ☐ Academia / centre of excellence	☐ NGO ☐ Other	boost PA management via an integrated approach on Silhouette Island National and Marine Parks (Activity 2.2.10)	
	Nature Seychelles		Proof of Concept: Sustainable Funding	
	Government department Academia / centre of excellence	√ NGO ☐ Other	through a Voluntourism Program for Conservation in Seychelles (Activity 2.2.12)	
	Seychelles Islands Foundation		Development, production and commissioning	
	4 Jan 1980 - 1980 - 1980 - 1980 - 1980 - 1980 - 1980 - 1980 - 1980 - 1980 - 1980 - 1980 - 1980 - 1980 - 1980 -	☐ NGO √ Other (parastatal)	of a world class exhibition space for the	
			Aldabra House visitor centre on Mahé,	
			Seychelles (Activity 2.2.11)	
	Green Islands Foundation		Financing Protected Area management on	
	☐ Government department ☐ Academia / centre of excellence	√ NGO ☐ Other	private islands (Activity 2.2.13)	
	Department of Environment √ Government department		Improve Communication and management	
			effectiveness; enhance and restore existing	
			habitats and eradication of rabbits in Recif	
			Island Special Nature Reserve (Activity 2.2.14)	
	The Nature Conservancy		Operationalizing the Seychelles Conservation	
	Government department Academia / centre of excellence	√ NGO (International) ☐ Other	and Climate Adaptation Trust (SeyCCAT) (Activities 2.3.1 and 2.3.2)	
Is the pre-selection of these partners in line with UNDP procedures and has this been fully endorsed by the LPAC?			√ But see comment noted below	
Remarks	Prodoc notes that a full list of responsible parties is be soon more closely defined on the l			on the basis of
	rules, procedures and due diligence on candidate responsible parties and proposals made.			
	LPAC agreed with the list as given above, noting that proper assessments were still needed for			
	some of those responsible agencies listed as per the Prodoc notation.			
	A question was raised as to how UNISEY (specifically the new Blue Economy Research Institute) links to these activities/project? The BEI is to develop important role in research. LPAC considered that UNISEY can be considered as a collaborating partner: it can be brought			
	in under sub-contracts to support activities, subject to usual tender procedures. It was noted,			
	however, that the main activities here focus on financing mechanisms and that UNISEY			
	therefore cannot be considered as an executing/implementing partner. The LPAC also recalled			
	that BEI is an important implementer under GEF 6.			



3) General and Specific Recommendations of the LPAC

LPAC felt that it was important to retain a view of the over-arching aspects of the project (the PA system), not to lose focus into individual PAs. There needs to be synergy and linkages between different sub-contract activities – and to assist this centralized knowledge management is needed. There is a need to look at whether the capacity to enable this centralized knowledge management system is there and if not to build it.

Recommendation: the project Steering Committee has a role here in monitoring and ensuring building of capacity. It is suggested that a specific road map be developed at Inception as to what the role of the SC is and how the SC will support the project to reach specific targets.

A sustainable structure is needed for knowledge management and updating in the long-term. This needs to be budgeted to some level, but the important point is to put synergies in place. The knowledge gathered needs to be actually used in order to refine approaches and move on. To enable this, there is a need to bring together progress and results concerning how individual areas are approaching issue of financial sustainability and identify which format works in the Seychelles scenario.

Recommendation: The project should organize periodic symposia to disseminate/review progress towards project goal/objectives which need to include debates. Enough time should be allocated actually to discuss and reformulate approaches. LAC considered whether this could be done within extended SC meetings, which would contain all the major players, but consensus was that this should be independent from the SC. The point was made that such an information exchange needs to occur prior to the MTR – when some level of change can be recommended and affected. A budget also needs to be allocated for the periodic symposia.

<u>Recommendation:</u> Adaptive management should be applied to make changes where approaches are now working? Specific issues could trigger the MTR – which could be done earlier if major adjustment needs to be approved.

Specific corrections:

p.23 Wildlife Safaris should be Wilderness Safaris; p.35 Wilderness Safaris manages the ecotourism operation, the owner is a private businessman)

Annex 8, correction: reference to Recif island to be moved from SNPA-ICS line to DOE line.

Throughout, SIF is Seychelles Islands Foundation; GIF is Green Islands Foundation

Recommendation and endorsement: The points made having minuted, the LPAC recommended to proceed with the PRODOC to final approval stage.

4) List of LPAC members

Mr Alain Decomarmond, Principal Secretary for Environment, MEECC (Chairman)

Mr Roland Alcindor, Programme Manager, UNDP (Co-chairman)

Dr Frauke Fleischer-Dogley, CEO, Seychelles Islands Foundation

Dr David Rowat, Chairman, Marine Conservation Society of Seychelles

Ms Helena Sims, Project Officer, The Nature Conservancy (Seychelles)

Mr Ronley Fanchette, Head, Conservation Section, MEECC

Mr Denis Matatiken, Special Advisor to the Minister, MEECC (former CEO SNPA)

Dr Nirmal Shah, Chief Executive, Nature Seychelles

Mr Andrew Grieser Johns, Programme Coordinator PCU (Secretary)

ut

! 1 !